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Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2015

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Complementary Course

BCS 1C 01—COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 64 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Find the decimal equivalent of the binary number 10110011.
- 2. Differentiate between 7-bit ASCII and 8-bit ASCII.
- 3. What does the duality principle of Boolean algebra says?
- 4. Define a full-adder logic circuit.
- 5. What is the role of an Instruction Register (IR) in a CPU?
- 6. Differentiate between PROM and EPROM.
- 7. What is a digitizer?
- 8. Define an algorithm.
- 9. What is the difference between VGA and SVGA?

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 10. Subtract $(11011)_2$ from $(110111)_2$ using 2's complement.
- 11. Using truth table, prove that $X + YZ = (X + Y) \cdot (X + Z)$.
- 12. What are different steps taken by the CPU to execute an instruction?
- 13. Differentiate between even parity and odd parity.
- 14. Write notes on MICR.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 15. Write the ASCII-8 coding for the word "RAJU" in both binary and hexadecimal notations. How many bytes are required to store this word using the same coding?
- 16. Express the Boolean function $x, y + \overline{x}, z$ in product of sums canonical form.
- 17. Explain, how cache memory helps in improving the speed of a computer?
- 18. Simplify the Boolean function F (A, B, C, D) = Σ (3, 7, 11, 13, 14, 15).
- 19. Decode the codeword 1110110 created using Hamming code.
- 20. Construct the logic circuit diagram for Exclusive-OR function using NAND gates only.
- 21. Design a full-adder combinational circuit.
- 22. Explain about various pointing devices.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Part D

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 1. Explain how data can be stored and accessed on a magnetic disk?
- 2. Write short notes on:
 - (a) Measuring storage capacity of a computer.
 - (b) Various logic gates used to construct circuit diagrams.
- 3. Briefly explain the following:
 - (a) Various types of printers.
 - (b) Memory hierarchy.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$